Today, on the one-year anniversary of the <u>M7.1 Ridgecrest Earthquake</u>, Winlink is proud to present the "Did You Feel It?" form on Winlink Express. Amateur radio operators can now report the effects of an earthquake, their experience and the extent of the damage via radio. This information is transmitted directly to the United States Geological Survey's (<u>USGS</u>) "Did You Feel It?" system which creates community <u>earthquake intensity</u> maps. The form allows amateur radio operators to become citizen scientists who contribute to earthquake research and support earthquake education and preparedness in their area.

The <u>USGS Did You Feel It? (DYFI) system</u> collects macroseismic observations from the public in the minutes and hours after an earthquake. As an online questionnaire, it is potentially vulnerable to interruptions in power and internet connectivity after a damaging event, particularly in areas of very strong shaking. Using amateur radio transmission bands, Winlink DYFI can mitigate communication blackouts and fill in information gaps for the USGS in the hardest hit areas early on.

USGS Earthquake Report: Did You Feel it?			
Did you feel it?			
Yes No			
Time of earthquake (Local time (1/3	1/2008 9:00 AM), or Approximate Time	4)	
6/4/2020 15:15 PM (You may manually change)		
Your location when the earthqua	ake occurred:		
Address, partial address, or geograp	hic coordinates *		
If available, GPS in decimal	format LAT: Lat	LON : Lon	
Er	nter manually or use your GPS co	nnected device. Expres	ss remembers last GPS position.
What was your situation during	the earthquake?		
Not specified In a stopped vehicle Other Describe: Please descri	 Inside a building In a moving vehicle 	Outs	side a building
0			
Were you asleep?			
Nere you asleep?) Slept through it 🛛 Woke up	D	
Were you asleep? Not specified No Did others nearby feel it?	Slept through it ○ Woke up	p	

The Winlink DYFI form is modeled after the <u>USGS DYFI online questionnaire</u> and delivers data in the same format to the same USGS database. Working closely with USGS, the Winlink Development Team (WDT) and ARES LAX (Los Angeles County) developed a Winlink form that delivers a JSON file which can be ingested by the USGS database.

To test the new Winlink DYFI form, ARES LAX reached out to amateur radio groups in earthquake prone areas to engage beta testers and to develop training for users. Many groups from California (San Diego ARES, Ventura County ARES, Kern County ARES, San Joaquin Valley ARES, Sacramento Valley ARES), Washington (AAECT, MIRO, NBAT, PSEARES), Arizona (Yavapai County ARES/RACES), Hawaii (Hawaii ARES) and Mexico (CREBC) assisted and set up their own Winlink-based exercises and provided critical user-based feedback, which improved the robustness of the Winlink form and quality of the collected data.

The cooperation between the USGS, the WDT and the amateur radio emergency groups mentioned above culminated in a recent exercise dubbed "the Gordo SuperEvent," a fictional large earthquake that affected the entire west coast of the U.S. Seventy-five amateur radio stations from the contributing groups sent in DYFI

reports via the 70cm, 2m, 20m, 40m and 80m bands during the exercise. Hawaiian stations even used the Winlink form to report a real event: around the time of the exercise an M4.3 earthquake occurred near Fern Forest, HI.



Special thanks to **Greg KG6SJT (WDT)** and **Vince Quitoriano (USGS)** who successfully built the Winlink DYFI form and integrated it with the USGS database and workflow.

We are thrilled to announce that the Winlink DYFI form is now available to all 28,000+ active Winlink users in the standard forms package. To learn how to use the Winlink DYFI form, please visit https://youtu.be/OutjBBflVF8

This Winlink-DYFI integration project is the first use case for the USGS's DYFI Questionnaire API (Application Programming Interface). The USGS created the API to facilitate the expansion of data gathering to third party platforms. The DYFI on Winlink project demonstrates the successful interoperability between amateur radio operators and a USGS system. It also underscores how Winlink and amateur radio can offer additional flexibility and redundancy to data driven organizations in the event of communication blackouts.